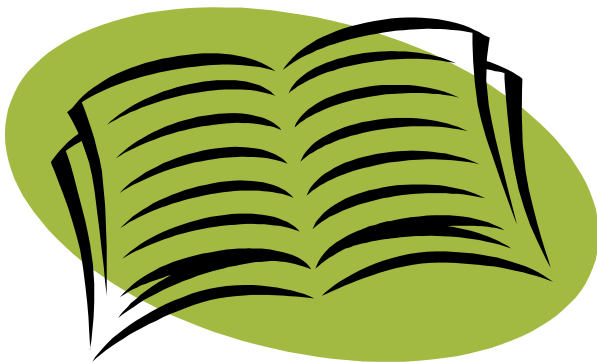


往事重溫



多元文化澳大利亚简介

自从 1788 年第一支白人探险队定居后，澳大利亚成为移民集居的国家。21 世纪随着澳大利亚大量的移民，各个社区的人口在澳增长到了两千多万，这使澳大利亚成为集世界上多元文化和众多语言于一体的国家。

成为澳大利亚人

随着 18 世纪初期英国人早期移民的到来，移民浪潮一浪高过一浪，大量的移民从中国，欧洲，东南亚，中东和非洲来到澳大利亚。

移民们直接选择澳大利亚作为一片乐土是为了孩子和开创他们自己的未来，最近几十年，来自世界战乱国家的难民也安居在这个“幸运之国”。

在这个“公平”的国度，教育，就业，和平和希望的机会一直是向每个人敞开的。

如今 67 万中国人定居在澳洲，占澳洲总人口的 3.3%。他们把古老的中国文化价值观融入到这个多元文化的民族之中。

(Translated from the introduction of the exhibition for teacher reference)

一.中国移民



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. In _____, the first Chinese carpenter landed in Sydney.
a. 1803 b.1805 c.1901 d 1900
2. In 1858 stimulated by the _____ more and more Chinese people came from China.
a. restaurant b. gold rush c. business d. education
3. The “White Australia Policy” _____ the Chinese population to 12,000.
a. increased b. decreased c. dwindled d. abandoned
4. Chinese Australians are valued contributors to Australian society because_____
a. they are represented in research and academic circles
b. they have achieved good reputations and are leaders of local communities and different government sectors.
c. they helped to revolutionize the country’s food culture
d. all of the above
5. Melbourne’s Chinatown has a history reaching back _____ years.
a. 200 b.160. c.150 d.205

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese:

1. Wei Wei Qian (IAN) 是一位_____。
2. Wei Wei Qian (IAN) 说：“澳大利亚是一个美丽的_____。”
3. Wei Wei Qian (IAN) 是一位中医。她_____年从中国的_____来澳。她认为澳大利亚是一个美丽，开放和自由的_____。
4. 1989年的天安门事件后有一万五千中国大陆的学生在澳获得永久居留。1995年有_____学生和家属获得_____。
5. 中国_____的增长使很多学生到澳_____。到2005年为止每五个海外学生中就有一个来自_____的学生。

二. 柬埔寨



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. Cambodia was originally settled by prehistoric people from _____.
a. China b. South Eastern China c. Southern China d. Northern China
2. _____ Chinese Cambodians constituted the largest ethnic minority.
a. By the 1960's b. By the late 1060's c. By the early 1970's
d. By 1975
3. The Cambodian Leader Pol Pot imposed a "Year Zero" plan which meant _____.
a. no money b. no schools c. no hospitals d. all of the above
4. By 2001 the population of Australians from Cambodia had risen to _____.
a. 20,000 b. 30,000 c. 23,000 d. 22,000

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese:

1. 在四年战争中估计大约有_____万人被杀害，挨饿或在劳改时死于劳改营。
2. Melinda Trong 是一位药剂师。她来澳有_____年，她生活幸福并有_____个孩子。
3. Melinda Trong 8 个月时，妈妈把她留在祖父母身边。当她妈妈回去接其他弟妹时，她被高棉抓了。Melinda 认为她有一个_____童年。
4. 从 1975—1986 年柬埔寨难民是以_____类别在澳获得居留权的。
5. 柬埔寨澳大利亚人在澳的职业是体力劳动，有的在_____工作。

三. 香港



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. Historically, Hong Kong had the most important trading ports. Hong Kong was ceded to _____ in 1842, following the First Opium War.

- a. Canada b. France c. China d. Britain

2. Hong Kong was returned to the People's Republic of China in _____ and today is considered a Special Administrative Region.

- a. 1980 b. 1998 c. 1997 d. 1996

3. Hong Kong has a population of _____ million. The overwhelming majority, 96% are Chinese descent.

- a. 10 b. 7.2 c. 8.1 d. 3.5

4. With Commonwealth linkages to Australia, Hong Kong was the most significant source of immigration into Australia. Australian Chinese from Hong Kong are characteristically _____.

- a. a young demographic b. an older demographic c. a professional demographic d. both a and c

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese:

1. Alex Tseng 从上海到香港，他既要学_____又要学广东话。最后他父母决定把他送到澳大利亚学_____。

2. Alex Tseng 从香港来到墨尔本的巴拉瑞特上学。他上的是一个哈密顿（Hamilton）的_____学校。

3. Alex Tseng 是墨尔本中餐馆的一个业主，他努力工作，每天工作_____小时，每周工作七天，从不休息。

4. Alex Tseng 说“澳大利亚就是我的家。”“我到这儿_____年。是我 3/4 的时光，澳大利亚让我实现了我的_____。我忠于这个国家。

5. 香港是澳主要海外学生来源地之一。香港移民是以_____和_____移民类别在澳定居的。

四.越南



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. For more than 800 years until _____, Vietnam was a part of China.
a. 938AD b. 900AD c. 870AD d. 9001AD
2. The first Vietnamese “boat people” to make it to Australia, drifted into _____ in 1976.
a. Melbourne b. Sydney c. the Gold Coast d. Darwin Harbour
3. Of more than _____ Vietnamese refugees who arrived in Australia between 1978 and 1981, almost 60% were of Chinese descent.
a. 24,000 b. 23,000 c. 25,000 d. 20,000
4. The 2006 Australian Census established that 173,000 Vietnamese people lived in Australia. Almost _____ of Australian’s Vietnamese population live in Victoria and New South Wales and most of these in the capital cities.
a. 70% b. 68% c. 75% d. 80%

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese:

1. Michael Trang 是金融服务业的顾问。Michael Trang 在越南战争期间作为难民去_____。在难民营呆了一年半 等待永久居住的签证。
2. Michael Trang 在最初到达澳大利亚时，感觉最困难的是_____。
要学一全新的语言，还有全新的文化。
3. Michael Trang 来到澳大利亚最好的一点是有_____上学，完成大学学位，有充分的自由选择自己的生活道路。
4. Michael Trang 认为澳大利亚的文化最美的是不用_____。所谓“一只手拿着啤酒并放声大笑。”
5. 越南难民是 1978—81 到达澳洲的。
_____是越南难民在澳获得居留类别的主要原因。

五.新加坡



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. Singapore has a population of _____ million.
a. 4.34 b. 4 c. 5 d. 3.5
2. Over _____ of the population are ethnic Chinese. Malays make up 14% and Indians a further 7.9% of the almost totally urbanized population.
a. 7% b. 76% c. 70% d. 65%
3. Due to its relative proximity to Singapore, _____ Australia has the largest single Singapore-born population, or 29% of the Australian total.
a. Western b. Northern c. Southern d. Melbourne,

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese:

1. Angela Ang 是市场顾问。她来自 7 个孩子的家庭。她_____岁离开新加坡的朋友和亲人。
2. Angela Ang 不讲_____, 但是能讲福建方言。因为在订购食物或买东西时方便。
3. Angela Ang 说: “在澳大利亚是你选择你自己愿意的生活方式。有机会_____你自己想做的事。”
4. 新加坡澳洲大学交全费的海外学生的国家之一。大多数人是学生_____。
5. 在澳的新加坡人很符合澳大利亚_____的标准, 新到的人都有很高的技术水平。

六. 印度尼西亚



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. Chinese people make up _____ of the ethnically complex population of Indonesia which currently numbers 238,45 million.

- a. 20% b. 25% c. 26% d. 30%

2. A Dutch Colony from 1800 until Japanese occupation during _____, Indonesia declared its independence in 1945 from both countries.

- a. World War 1 b. World War 2 c. Indonesian War d. Vietnamese War

3. In the 30 years from 1971, the population of Indonesian Australians increased from 7981 to _____ in 2001.

- a. 47,158 b. 48,900 c. 40,000 d. 50,000

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese with the information you obtain:

1. Lee Lin Chin 是 SBS 著名的节目_____。
她移民澳大利亚是为了_____。
2. Lee Lin Chin 是一个中国人同时她感觉自己也是一个_____。
3. Lee Lin Chin 常常有人对她说：“我们观看你的新闻报道节目，你很有名，人人都认识你”。这使她感到有巨大的_____。也很_____。
4. 印度尼西亚移民澳洲是属于_____类别。
5. 印度尼西亚在澳的移民都是受过高等教育的_____, 生意等的白领阶层。

七. 东帝汶



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. East Timor is one of the world's _____ nations, and one of Australian's closest neighbours, it has a population of 1.02 million.

- a. oldest b. newest c. largest d. biggest

2. East Timor became an independent _____ in 2002.

- a. nation b. state c. country d. capital

3. 1647 East Timorese refugees were evacuated to nearby Darwin immediately following the 1975 _____.

- a. Portuguese invasion b. Malay invasion c. Indonesian invasion
d. American invasion

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese with the information you obtain:

1. Li Lai 地区议会议员。他认为澳大利亚是一个_____文化的社会，有各种不同的文化和各种不同的习惯。
2. Li Lai 说他离开东帝汶是因为_____印度尼西亚的入侵，军队控制了一切，而他受到手枪指着头的恐吓，很恐怖。
3. Li Lai 觉得来到澳大利亚他的孩子们有安全_____的环境学习，无论他们选择任何职业都能为这个国家作出_____。
4. 大多数东帝汶人在澳定居是_____类别，是因为其国内的暴力事件和社会的动荡不安的原因。
5. 有些东帝汶人在来澳之前先获得_____签证，然后再以家庭团聚的类别获得定居。

八.马来西亚



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. Until the mid 20th century and through successive colonization by the Portuguese, Dutch and British, Chinese settlers continued to arrive in Malaysia and came _____ economic activities.

- a. to continue b. to dominate c. to grow d. to reduce

2. Chinese Malaysians constitute _____ of the Malaysian population of 32.52million. The majority 58% are Malays and indigenous peoples.

- a.20% b.30% c.40% d.24%

3. In 2000 according to the Australian Bureau of Statistics, _____ Malaysians were residents in Australian.

- a. 10,000 b. 90,000 c. 97,600 d. 80,000

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese with the information you obtain:

1. Ken Ong 是一个商人。他到达墨尔本时只有一张飞机票和_____个月的房租。
2. Ken Ong 为了减轻妈妈的经济_____, 他在到达墨尔本的第二周便找到了一份餐馆服务员的工作。
3. Ken Ong 和_____还有两个孩子开设了五个托儿所。他热心于社区工作。在过去的 7-8 年的墨尔本的中国新年庆祝活动中推广中国_____。
4. 马来西亚是澳大利亚八个移民国家之一。他们到澳是为了教育和就业的_____。
5. 马来西亚澳籍人是属于_____类别和海外学生类别。

九.台湾



Background information questions

Multiple choice:

1. During the brief Dutch occupation of the 1600s thousands of mainland Chinese were imported as _____ for sugar and rice farms.

- a. technicians b. managers c. labourers d. politicians

2. People from Taiwan have the chance to take up international business and educational opportunities. They are general highly _____.

- a. skilled b. unskilled c. educated d. a and c

Questions in Chinese

Fill in the following blanks in Chinese:

1. Sabrina Chou 是一个传统舞蹈演员。她于_____年来澳。因为要学习_____她和丈夫把孩子送回台湾父母出照看。
2. Sabrina Chou 说在台湾她只是为舞蹈团跳舞的演员，在澳洲她有自己的舞蹈团，有_____个演员和 50 套传统服装。
3. Sabrina Chou 说在台湾很少有_____教授或介绍中国舞蹈，在澳洲却有很多机会。
4. 台湾人是以商业移民的类别进入_____的。他们都受过很好的_____和职业培训。
5. 从 1980—90 的十年，八千台湾人把澳洲选择为“_____”的国家定居在此。